

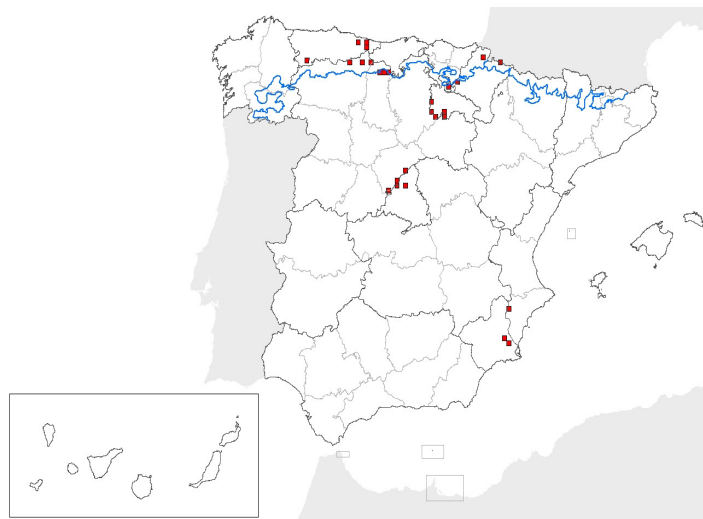
Report on the main results of the surveillance under article 11 for annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

Nyctalus lasiopterus

1. National level

Biogeographical regions and/or marine regions concerned within the Member State: **ALP ATL MED**

map-distribution



2. Biogeographical or marine level

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: **ALPINE**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

Alcalde, J. T. and M. C. Escala (1999). "Distribución de los quirópteros en Navarra, España." Bol. R. Soc. Esp. Host. Nat. (Sec. Biol.) 95 (1-2): 157-171.

Palomo, L. J. and J. Gisbert (2002). Atlas de los mamíferos terrestres de España. Madrid, DGCN-SECEM-SECEMU

2.3 Range of the species type in the biogeographic region or marine region

- 2.3.1 Surface area of species range in km2: 38,13
- 2.3.2 Date of range determination: 2006
- 2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range: Poor e.g. based on very incomplete data or on expert judgement
- 2.3.4 Range trend: Unknown (X)
- 2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional):
- 2.3.6 Range trend period:
- 2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend: Unknown
and/or specify

2.4 Population of the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.4.1 Population size estimation:

Population size estimation (minimum)	Population size estimation (maximum)	Population units
1	1	Number of localities

- 2.4.2 Date of population estimation: 2006
- 2.4.3 Methods used for population estimation: Extrapolation from surveys of part of the population or from sampling
- 2.4.4 Quality of data on area: Poor e.g. based on very incomplete data or on expert judgement
- 2.4.5 Population trend: Unknown (X)
- 2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2):
- 2.4.7 Population trend period:
- 2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend: Unknown

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and/or specify:

2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):

2.4.10 Main pressures:

2.4.11 Threats

2,5 Habitat for the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.5.1 Habitats for the species:

2.5.2 Area estimation (km2):

2.5.3 Date of estimation:

2.5.4 Quality of the data:

2.5.5 Trend of the habitat: Unknown (X)

2.5.6 Trend period:

2.5.7 Reasons for reported trend: NotApplicable

Other (specify):

2.6 Future prospects for the species: Bad prospects - species likely to be become extinct in the biogeographical region

2.7 Complementary information

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2):

2.7.2 Favourable reference population:

2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species (km2):

2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional):

Conclusion	Biogeographical or marine level	Conclusions within Natura 2000 sites (optional)
Conclusions: (2.3) Range:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.4) Population:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: Overall assessment:	Unknown (XX)	

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: ATLANTIC

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

Palomo, L.J. y Gisbert, J. 2002. Atlas de los Mamíferos terrestres de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza-SECEM-SECEMU, Madrid, 564 pp.

Fernández Gutiérrez, J. 2002. Los murciélagos en Castilla y León. Atlas de distribución y tamaño de las poblaciones. Junta de Castilla y León. Consejería de Medio Ambiente. Náyade Producciones, S.L. Valladolid.

Velasco, J.C., Lizana, M., Román, J., Delibes, M. & Fernández, J. 2005. Guía de los peces, anfibios, reptiles y mamíferos de Castilla y León. Náyade Editorial. Medina del Campo (Valladolid).

Nores, C. & García-Rovés, P. 2007. Libro Rojo de la Fauna del Principado de Asturias. Consejería de Medio Ambiente, Ordenación del Territorio e Infraestructuras del Principado de Asturias-Obra Social "la Caixa".

Alcalde, J. T. and M. C. Escala (1999). "Distribución de los quirópteros en Navarra, España." Bol. R. Soc. Esp. Host. Nat. (Sec. Biol.) 95 (1-2): 157-171.

2.3 Range of the species type in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.3.1 Surface area of species range in km2: 879,29

2.3.2 Date of range determination: 2002-2007

Nyctalus lasiopterus

- 2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range: Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
- 2.3.4 Range trend: Unknown (X)
- 2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional):
- 2.3.6 Range trend period:
- 2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend: Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction)
and/or specify

2.4 Population of the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

- 2.4.1 Population size estimation:
- Population size estimation (minimum)

Population size estimation (maximum)

Population units

8

0

Number of localities
- 2.4.2 Date of population estimation: 2002-2007
- 2.4.3 Methods used for population estimation: From comprehensive inventory
Based on expert opinion
Extrapolation from surveys of part of the population or from sampling
- 2.4.4 Quality of data on area: Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
- 2.4.5 Population trend: Unknown (X)
- 2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2):
- 2.4.7 Population trend period:
- 2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend:
and/or specify:
- 2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):
- 2.4.10 Main pressures: 110 Use of pesticides
150 Restructuring agricultural land holding
151 - removal of hedges and copses
160 General Forestry management
162 - artificial planting
166 - removal of dead and dying trees
490 Other urbanisation, industrial and similar activities
700 Pollution
740 Vandalism
- 2.4.11 Threats 110 Use of pesticides
150 Restructuring agricultural land holding
151 - removal of hedges and copses
160 General Forestry management
162 - artificial planting
166 - removal of dead and dying trees
490 Other urbanisation, industrial and similar activities
700 Pollution
740 Vandalism

2,5 Habitat for the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

- 2.5.1 Habitats for the species:
- 2.5.2 Area estimation (km2):
- 2.5.3 Date of estimation: 2006-2007
- 2.5.4 Quality of the data: Poor e.g. based on very incomplete data or on expert judgement
- 2.5.5 Trend of the habitat: Unknown (X)

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2.5.6 Trend period:

2.5.7 Reasons for reported trend:

Other (specify):

2.6 Future prospects for the species:

2.7 Complementary information

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2):

2.7.2 Favourable reference population:

2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species (km2):

2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional):

Conclusion	Biogeographical or marine level	Conclusions within Natura 2000 sites (optional)
Conclusions: (2.3) Range:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.4) Population:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: Overall assessment:	Unknown (XX)	

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: **MEDITERRANEAN**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

AIHARTZA, J.R. 2001. Quirópteros de Araba, Bizkaia y Gipuzkoa: distribución, ecología y conservación. Universidad del País Vasco.

PALOMO, L.J. y GISBERT, J. 2002. Atlas de los mamíferos terrestres de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza. Ministerio de Medio Ambiente.

ÁLVAREZ, J. et al. 1998. Vertebrados continentales: situación actual en la Comunidad Autónoma del País Vasco. Gobierno Vasco.

AGIRRE-MENDI, P.T., ZALDÍVAR, C., 1991. Contribución al Atlas Mastozoológico de la Comunidad Autónoma de La Rioja I. Revista Zubía 9: 65-88.

ICARUS (1995) Catálogo Regional de Especies de Vertebrados amenazados de La Rioja. Gobierno de La Rioja (estudio inédito)

AGIRRE-MENDI, P.T., 2001. Eficacia de una orden administrativa para la protección de Colonias de murciélagos en La Rioja Barbastella, 2.

AGIRRE-MENDI, P.T., 2003. Protección de refugios de quirópteros (Mammalia: Chiroptera) en la Comunidad Autónoma de La Rioja: Resultados de las campañas de 1998, 1999, 2000 y 2001. Revista Zubía 21: 63-70.

Fernández Gutiérrez, J. 2002. Los murciélagos en Castilla y León. Atlas de distribución y tamaño de las poblaciones. Junta de Castilla y León. Consejería de Medio Ambiente. Náyade Producciones, S.L. Valladolid.

Velasco, J.C., Lizana, M., Román, J., Delibes, M. & Fernández, J. 2005. Guía de los peces, anfibios, reptiles y mamíferos de Castilla y León. Náyade Editorial. Medina del Campo (Valladolid).

Benzal, J. & O. De Paz (eds.). 1991. Los murciélagos de España y Portugal. Colección Técnica. ICONA. Madrid.

Benzal, J. 2002. Bases para el manejo y conservación de los Quirópteros de la Comunidad de Madrid. Comunidad de Madrid- Consejería de Medio ambiente. Madrid, 181 pp.

De Paz, O. y De Lucas, J. 2006. Seguimiento de refugios y valoración del estado de las poblaciones de quirópteros cavernícolas en la Comunidad Autónoma de Madrid (año 2006). Consejería de Medio Ambiente y Ordenación del Territorio- Myotis C.B. Madrid.

Libro Rojo de los Vertebrados de la Región de Murcia (2006). Dirección General del Medio Natural. Consejería de Industria y Medio Ambiente. Región de Murcia, 358 pp.

Quirópteros: primeros pasos hacia su conservación. Murcia Enclave Ambiental. Nº 15. 4º Trimestre 2007. Año 5.

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Guardiola Gómez, A. y Fernández Martín, Mª P. 2003. Evaluación de colonias de quirópteros incluidos en el anexo II de la Directiva Hábitat. Ambiental SL. para la Dirección General del Medio Natural, Consejería de Medio Ambiente, Agricultura y Agua de la Región de Murcia. Inédito.

2.3 Range of the species type in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.3.1 Surface area of species range in km2:	5473,14
2.3.2 Date of range determination:	1970-2006
2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range:	Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
2.3.4 Range trend:	Decreasing (-)
2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional):	
2.3.6 Range trend period:	
2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend:	Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction)
	and/or specify

2.4 Population of the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.4.1 Population size estimation:	Population size estimation (minimum)	Population size estimation (maximum)	Population units
	52	0	Number of localities
2.4.2 Date of population estimation:	2002		
2.4.3 Methods used for population estimation:	From comprehensive inventory		
	Extrapolation from surveys of part of the population or from sampling		
2.4.4 Quality of data on area:	Good e.g based on extensive surveys		
2.4.5 Population trend:	Unknown (X)		
2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2):			
2.4.7 Population trend period:			
2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend:			
	and/or specify:		
2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):			
2.4.10 Main pressures:	110 Use of pesticides		
	151 - removal of hedges and copses		
	160 General Forestry management		
	166 - removal of dead and dying trees		
	180 Burning		
	400 Urbanised areas, human habitation		
2.4.11 Threats	110 Use of pesticides		
	151 - removal of hedges and copses		
	160 General Forestry management		
	166 - removal of dead and dying trees		
	180 Burning		
	400 Urbanised areas, human habitation		

2,5 Habitat for the species in the biogeographic region or marine region

2.5.1 Habitats for the species:	Estrechamente ligado al medio forestal. Las escasas observaciones existentes pro
2.5.2 Area estimation (km2):	
2.5.3 Date of estimation:	
2.5.4 Quality of the data:	

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2.5.5 Trend of the habitat:

2.5.6 Trend period:

2.5.7 Reasons for reported trend:

Other (specify):

2.6 Future prospects for the species:

2.7 Complementary information

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2):

2.7.2 Favourable reference population:

2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species (km2):

2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional):

Conclusion

Conclusions: (2.3) Range:

Conclusions: (2.4) Population:

Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species:

Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects:

Conclusions: Overall assessment:

Biogeographical or
marine level

Inadequate and deteriorating (U1-

Unknown (XX)

Unknown (XX)

Inadequate and deteriorating (U1-

Inadequate and deteriorating (U1-

Conclusions within Natura 2000
sites (optional)